Anatomy & Physiology 12	Name:	date:_	b	lk:	
	Midterm Review	W			
Unit A: Chemistry of Life a	and Organic Molecules	•••••	•••••	pg. 6-18	
	Differentiate the different types of chemical bondin (Ionic, Covalent and Polar)		ORGANIC COMPOUNDS		
☐ List the six characters ☐ Understand pH, the d bases, role of buffers	ifference between acids a		Lipids <i>include</i>	Proteins composed include	
☐ Describe the differen inorganic molecules	ce between organic and	Polysaccharides	Triglycerides	Peptides RNA DNA composed of	
biological molecules Describe the two reac	as an essential component etions (Condensation Synt	tota	Fatty acids	Amino acids composed of Nucleotides	
☐ Explain the structure	ners of biological molecu and Function of the four (Carbohydrates, Lipids,	les Monosaccharides	and Glycerol		
Proteins and Nucleic Explain the role of A	Acids) TP as an energy molecule				
Unit E: DNA: Replication,	Transcription and Tran	slation		pg. 64-79	
☐ Understand DNA Rep	e and function of DNA an	d RNA	Gene 2		
Replication Foldable Explain how DNA is for Protein Synthesis	ultimately responsible (see your Overview of	DNA molecule Gen	200	Gene 3	
Protein Synthesis Fol Be able to show your Transcription and Tra	understanding of unslation (see your	DNA strand 3'		5000	
Overview of Protein Understand and be at in DNA	Synthesis Foldable) ble to explain mutations	(template)	CCAAAA	CCGAGT	
☐ Be able to know the §		mRNA 5′	G G U U U	G G C U C A	

TRANSLATION

Amino acid

Protein

Hemophilia

growth

☐ How do errors in DNA relate to Cancer

☐ Understand the roles of biotechnology,

GMO's, Cloning and Gene Therapy

specifically recombinant DNA technology,

Unit C: Membrane Structure and Function.....pg. 38-47 ☐ Explain the hydrophobic and hydrophilic (polar) head hydrophilic nature of the hydrophobic of phospholipid (nonpolar) phospholipid molecule and it's fatty acid tail contribution to the membrane system ☐ Understand and label the Fluid Mosaic Model ☐ Explain Facilitated and Passive Diffusion, Osmosis, Active Transport with respect to integral (intrinsic) proteins peripheral (extrinsic) protein proteins that are embedded in the © 2007 Encyclopædia Britannica, Inc plasma membrane. ☐ Distinguish between endocytosis and exocytosis ☐ Understand the significance of cell survival of the surface area to volume ratio Unit B: Enzymes and Metabolismpg. 22-34 ☐ Relate enzymes to metabolism, homeostasis and Product activation energy ☐ Describe the Lock and Key Model to the Active site Induced Theory of how enzymes function ☐ Explain the difference between competitive and non-competitive inhibitors as well as co-factors ☐ Describe the factors affecting enzymes, and why they may denature and become inactive \square Note: we did not specifically cover p.31-35 Unit D: Inquiry into Eukaryotic Cells. ☐ Difference and Similarities between nucleus Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells endoplasmic reticulum: ☐ Can you draw each type of cell and label the (smooth & rough) cytoskeletor parts? ☐ Structure and Function of membranous organelles (nucleus, rough ER, smooth ER, mitochondrion golgi Apparatus, vesicles, lysosome, mitochondria, chloroplast) ☐ Structure and Function of non-membranous organelles (ribosomes, cell wall, Golgi body ☐ cytoskeleton, vacuoles, centrosome, cilia, plasma membrane flagella, centrioles) lysosome ☐ Function of the endomembrane system